# **Fast-track Power Automate**

# Sample manual - first two chapters



Manual 1329 - 195 pages -

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (1 of 5)

1	GETTING STARTED	Page
1.1	What is Power Automate?	7
1.2	Power Automate vs Power Automate Desktop	8
1.3	Licensing Requirements	9

2	WORKING WITH FLOWS	Page
2.1	Getting Started	10
	Logging on to Power Automate Choosing an Environment Listing Flows	10 11 11
2.2	Creating Flows	12
	Types of Flow Adding Steps Adding Dynamic Content Finishing your Flow	12 13 14 14
2.3	Testing and Running Flows	15
	Testing Flows Re-testing Flows Running Flows	15 16 16
2.4	Viewing Flows	17
2.5	Improving Flow Readability	18
	Renaming Actions Adding Notes Adding Comments	18 19 20
2.6	Working with Flows	21
	Checking Flows Peeking at Flow Syntax Disabling Flows (but not Actions) Copying Actions Copying Flows Deleting Flows	21 21 22 22 23 23

3	TRIGGERS AND TEMPLATES	Page
3.1	Our Example Automated (Triggered) Flow	24
3.2	Creating Automated Flows from Scratch	25
3.3	Creating Automated Flows using Templates	26
	Finding the Right Template	26
	Tweaking your Template	27

4	TESTING AND DEBUGGING	Page
4.1	Testing Flows	28
4.2	Viewing Outputs from Actions	29
	Viewing Outputs	29
	Capturing Outputs - the Compose Action	30
	Seeing Inputs and Outputs	30
	Raw Inputs and Outputs	31
4.3	Interpreting Outputs (JSON)	32
4.4	Writing to Text Files	33
4.5	Dealing with Flow Failures	34

5	PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS	Page
5.1	Overview	35
	Our Example	35
5.2	Simple Variables	36
	Initialising Variables The Types of Variables Variable Actions Debugging Variables	36 37 37 38
5.3	Array Variables	39
	Getting our List of Files - OneDrive Getting our List of Files – SharePoint	39 40
5.4	Using Scope to Group Actions	41
	Adding a Scope Action Tidying Things Up	41 42
5.5	Parallel Branches	43
	Creating Parallel Branches Adding Steps to Parallel Branches	43 44
5.6	Basic Expressions	45
	Basic Expressions and Referencing Variables	45
	Commenting Expressions Enabling Experimental Features	46 46
	Enabling Experimental Features Editing Expressions using Experimental Features	46
5.7	Single Conditions - If	47
	Adding Conditions Testing Conditions Why you Need to Terminate Flows Early The Terminate Action	47 48 48 49
5.8	Multiple Conditions – Switch	50
5.9	Do Until Loops	51
	Initialising Variables Adding a Do Until Loop Setting Limits to Do Until Loops	51 52 52



### TABLE OF CONTENTS (2 of 5)

6	WORKING WITH ARRAYS	Page
6.1	Creating Arrays	53
	Setting Array Variables Manually	53
	Creating Arrays with Named Properties	54
	Creating Arrays using Expressions	54
	Nested Arrays	55
6.2	Referring to Items within an Array	56
	An Example using a List of Files	56
	Getting Values by their Key	57
6.3	Mapping or Reshaping Arrays using Select	58
	Collapsing Arrays to One Value	58
	Returning Multiple Columns with Renaming	59
6.4	Intersection and Union	60
	Overview of Final Answer	60
	The Union and Intersect Expressions	61

7	GETTING DATA	Page
7.1	Sources Included in this Chapter	62
7.2	Getting Data from Excel	63
	The Need for a Table Creating a Table Getting Data from an Excel Table Bonus: Listing Worksheets and Tables	63 63 64 65
7.3	Getting Data from a SharePoint List	66
	Getting SharePoint List Rows Showing the Correct Column Names	66 67
7.4	Listing Files/Folders from OneDrive	68
7.5	Listing Emails from Outlook	69

8	ODATA	Page
8.1	What is OData?	70
8.2	The Need for OData	71
8.3	Using OData	72
	Applying OData when Getting Data Sorting using OData Filtering using OData Combining Filters Testing for Null Values Filtering Dates	72 72 73 74 74 74
8.4	Issues with Different Data Sources	75
	Excel: Spaces in Column Names SharePoint: Lookup Columns	75 75
8.5	Dynamic Filters	76
8.6	OData Filters using Experimental Features	77
8.7	Avoiding OData – the FilterArray Action	78
	Suppressing the GetItems Warning	78

9	HTML TABLES	Page
9.1	Overview	79
9.2	Basic HTML Tables	80
9.3	Custom HTML Tables	81
9.4	Formatting HTML Tables	82

10	APPLY TO EACH	Page
10.1	Our Example	83
10.2	Adding Apply to Each Manually	84
	Getting an Array to Loop Over Creating an Apply to Each Action The Current Item Testing Apply to Each Loops	84 84 85 85
10.3	Adding Apply to Each Automatically	86
10.4	Referring to the Current Item's Contents	87
	Dynamic Content (Visible Fields)	87
	Copying Visible Fields to Expressions	87
	Making Pasted Expressions Valid	88
	Visible Fields and their Underlying Expressions Compared	88
	Using the Simpler Item() Function	89
10.5	Applying Conditions within Loops	90
	The Outline of our Flow	90
	Our Condition	91



### TABLE OF CONTENTS (3 of 5)

11	EXPRESSIONS	Page
11.1	Overview	92
11.2	Text Functions	93
	The Main Text Functions Example Flow using Text Functions - Introduction	93 94
	Example Flow - Apply to Each Action Example Flow – Showing the Results	95 95
11.3	Number Functions	96
	Basic Mathematical Operator Functions Other Mathematical Functions Conversion Functions	96 96 96
11.4	Date Functions	97
	Date Formats and Timestamps Getting Dates Manipulating Dates Getting Parts of Dates	97 97 98 98
11.5	Collection/Array Functions	99
	Inspection Functions Joining and Splitting Picking Items Ordering Arrays Set Operations	99 99 100 100 100
11.6	Comparison Functions	101
	Conditional IF Function Testing for Equality or Inequality Combining Conditions	101 101 101

12	INPUTS AND TRIGGERS	Page
12.1	Overview	102
	Our Example	102
12.2	Creating a Flow with Inputs	103
	Dropdown Inputs How Power Automate Refers to Inputs (TriggerBody)	103 104

13	TRACKED PROPERTIES	Page
13.1	Tracked Properties	105
	Adding Tracked Properties Referring to Tracked Properties Getting Start and End Times for Actions	105 106 106

14	ERROR HANDLING	Page
14.1	Try / Catch / Finally Blocks	107
14.2	Configuring Run After Actions	108
14.3	Implementing Error Handling – a Case Study	109
	Our Example Error	109
	Summary of Proposed Flow	109
	Step 1 – Getting the Results	110
	Step 2 – Filtering the Results Array	111
	Step 3 – Picking out the Columns of Interest	111
	Step 4 – Presenting an HTML Table	111
	Step 5 – Sending a Notification Email	112
	Step 6 – Creating a Link back to our Flow	112
14.4	Warning: Flows Run Successfully with Error-Handling	113

15	SUBFLOWS AND SOLUTIONS	Page
15.1	Our Example	114
15.2	Creating Solutions	115
15.3	Creating your Child Flow	116
	Step 1 – Asking for Inputs	116
	Step 2 – Completing the Child Flow	117
	Step 3 – Sending Back a Response	117
	Step 4 – Saving your Child Flow	117
	Step 5 – Changing Connection Permissions	118
15.4	Creating the Parent Flow	119



## TABLE OF CONTENTS (4 of 5)

16	ADAPTIVE CARDS	Page
16.1	What are Adaptive Cards?	120
16.2	Our Example: a Drinks Order Form	121
16.3	The Structure of Adaptive Cards	122
16.4	Creating an Adaptive Card	123
	Step 1 – Loading the Adaptive Card Designer	123
	Step 2 – Create a New Card	123
	Step 3 – Choose a Host App	124
	Step 4 – Choose a Target Version	124
	Step 5 – Add your Elements	125
	Step 6 – Give Input Elements Ids	126
	Step 7 – Add an Action to your Card	126
	Step 8 – Apply Validation to Input Elements	127
	Step 9 – Copy your Card's JSON	127
16.5	Posting Adaptive Cards in your Flow	128
	Creating the Post Action	128
	Choosing where to Post your Card	128
	Pasting in the Card	129
	Viewing the Results	129
	Getting the Card Inputs	130
16.6	Some Additional Ideas	131
	Showing the Weekday in the Title	131
	Hiding the Sugar Choice Initially	132

17	APPROVALS	Page
17.1	Our Example	133
17.2	Building a Flow Diagram	134
17.3	How the Approval Process Works	135
17.4	Building the Approval Flow	136
	Step 1 – Creating the Trigger Step 2 – Request Approval Step 3 – Adding a Condition Step 4 – Processing Rejections Step 5 – Processing Approvals (Part 1) Step 6 – Processing Approvals (Part 2)	136 136 137 137 138 139
17.5	Managing Approvals	140
17.6	Custom Responses	141
	Choosing to Set Custom Responses Testing the Different Responses	141 142

18	SCHEDULING FLOWS	Page
18.1	Creating Scheduled Flows	143
	Our Example Creating a Scheduled Flow Turning a Normal Flow into a Scheduled One	143 143 144
18.2	Power Automate Desktop Flows	145

19	FLOW ADMINISTRATION	Page
19.1	Summary of Copying, Sharing and Exporting	146
19.2	Speeding Up Apply to Each Loops	147
	Our Example Flow Changing Concurrency Settings	147 148
19.3	Limiting Triggers	149
19.4	Pagination	150

20	FORMS	Page
20.1	Overview of Forms	151
	Creating Forms	152
20.2	Adding Questions	153
	The Types of Question Sections Images and Videos Branching	153 154 155 155
20.3	Testing and Distributing your Form	156
	Previewing a Form Changing Form Settings Saving your Form Distributing your Form via a Web Link Generating QR Codes and Embed Codes	156 156 157 157 157
20.4	Viewing Responses	158
20.5	Other Things you can do with Forms	159
	Using Other Apps such as Excel Creating and Applying Themes Letting Users Upload Files Quizzes	159 159 160 161
20.6	Responding to Form Events in a Flow	162

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (5 of 5)

21	SHAREPOINT LISTS	Page
21.1	About SharePoint Lists	163
21.2	Creating a SharePoint Site	164
21.3	Working with SharePoint Lists	165
	Creating a New List Renaming the Title Column Adding/Editing List Data Creating Choice and Lookup Columns	165 166 166 167
21.4	Internal SharePoint List Column Names	168
	Finding Column Names in Power Automate Finding Column Names in SharePoint	168 168
21.5	Referencing Choice and Lookup Columns	169

22	POWER BI DESKTOP FLOWS	Page
22.1	Our Example	170
	Some Limitations of Running Flows from Power BI Desktop	170
22.2	Creating a Power Automate Button	171
	Step 1 – Creating the Button	171
	Step 2 – Assigning Data Fields	171
	Step 3 – Start Editing your Flow	172
	Step 4 – Add Actions (and Data)	172
	Step 5 – Saving and Applying your Flow	173
	Step 6 – Formatting your Button	173
	Step 7 – Test your Button	173
22.3	Editing Power BI Flows in Power Automate	174

23	POWER APPS FLOWS	Page
23.1	Our Example	175
23.2	Designing an Information Flow	176
23.3	Creating the Flow	177
	Step 1 – Creating the Flow with a Trigger	177
	Step 2 – Creating Parameters with Good Names	177
	Step 3 – Getting the Number of Excel Films	178
	Step 4 – Adding the Film to Excel	178
	Step 5 – Returning Values to Power Apps	179
23.4	Creating the App	180
	Step 1 - Creating the App Framework	180
	Step 2 – Adding the Flow	180
	Step 3 – Calling the Flow	181
23.5	Possible Problems	182

24	TEAMS	Page
24.1	Teams Triggers and Actions	183
24.2	Our Example – Listening for Keywords	184
24.3	Creating our Example Flow	185
	Step 1 - Setting the Trigger Step 2 - Starting to Post our Message Step 3 - Getting the Keyword Message's Details Step 4 – Posting the Notification	185 185 186 187
	Message Step 5 – Testing your Flow	187

25	PLANNER	Page
25.1	Triggers and Actions	188
25.2	Simple Example – Listing Tasks	189
25.3	Harder Example – Getting Assigned Users	190
	Step 1 – Prepare the Way	190
	Step 2 – Create the Nested Loops	191
	Step 3 – Configure the Inner Loop over Users	191
	Step 4 – Add this Task and List of Users	192
	Step 5 – Show the Results	192



# **CHAPTER 1 - GETTING STARTED**

### 1.1 What is Power Automate?

*Power Automate (PA)* used to be called *Microsoft Flow* (Microsoft renamed it in 2019). PA allows you to create flows (series of saved instructions) online:

Manually trigger a flow     ⑦ · · ·				
$\stackrel{(+)}{\checkmark}$				
Send me an email notification ③ ···				
* Subject Message from User name × * Body				
Just saying hi at C Timestamp ×				
A simple manual flow to send an email greeting to yourself.				

On new em	ail	····
Apply to each	Attachment on the email	
* Select an output from		
Attachments >	<	
🖄 Create file		····
*Folder Path	/Email attachments from Power Automate	6
*File Name	🍭 Attachments N 🗙	
*File Content	Attachments C ×	
	a trigger (when you receive an en oments to a specified folder in Or	

Flows can connect to literally hundreds of cloudbased services – here is a small sample:



use to link to online services.

Just a few of the over 370 connectors that you can



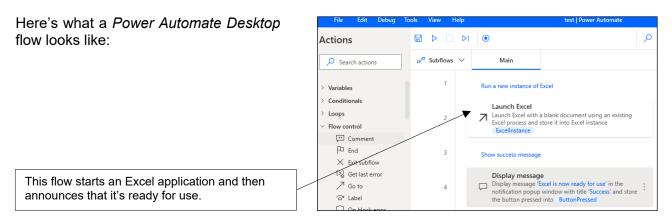
If you commit to using Power Automate, you are trusting your data, business processes and probably career to Microsoft and the Internet: if your web connection should happen to go down or Microsoft's servers fail, there won't be much that you can do!



### **1.2** Power Automate vs Power Automate Desktop

Microsoft (confusingly, if typically) market two software products whose names include **Power Automate**:

Software	Runs in	What it does	Typical use cases		
Power Automate	The cloud	Automates a series (or <i>flow</i> ) of instructions to run on Microsoft's servers, under your account.	Collating the results of an online survey, emailing notifications when someone posts a comment in Teams, capturing social media updates in an online database.		
Power Automate Desktop	Your desktop	Automates a series (or <i>flow</i> ) of instructions to manipulate data on your own computer.	Collating data in Excel workbooks, logging attachments sent in emails, submitting website forms, running backup routines.		



Power Automate and Power Automate Desktop were written by different companies (Microsoft bought *SoftMotive*, authors of Power Automate Desktop, in May 2020) and are different products.



Confusingly, while Power Automate Desktop runs on your desktop it too stores its flows in the cloud (in your online Microsoft account). You can run Power Automate Desktop flows from Power Automate, but the converse isn't true.



### 1.3 Licensing Requirements

Most users of Power Automate will begin with an Office 365 licence. This allows you to do the following:

Capability	With an Office 365 licence you can			
Run flows	create and run automated, scheduled and button flows (that is, most of the flows you are likely to want to run).			
Use standard connectors	Use any of the connectors described as <i>Standard</i> by Microsoft. These include Azure Active Directory, Dropbox, Excel online, GitHub, Gmail, Google apps, LinkedIn, Microsoft Forms, Office 365, Outlook, Pinterest, Power Apps and Power BI, Slack, SharePoint, Teams, WordPress and YouTube.			
2,000 platform requests per day	During an initial transition period (lasting 6 months or more), you will be allowed up to 10,000 requests per day. The limit is applied on a rolling 24-hour basis. If you exceed your limit you will need to go to another plan (see below).			

Here are some of the main things NOT included in this licence:

What	Notes
Premium connectors	To connect to connectors designated as premium by Microsoft, you will need any standalone plan (that is, anything except an Office 365 licence). Premium connectors include ArcGIS, most Azure services, most Dynamics service (for which you can buy a specialist licence), Map Pro, Microsoft Dataverse, MySql, Oracle, Ordnance Survey Places, Salesforce, SAP, Stripe, Word Online and Zoom Meetings.
Business process flows	For example, you can create a business process flow to ensure that everyone in an organisation follows the same steps every time they handle a customer request. This courseware doesn't consider business process flows, and neither (Wise Owl suspect) will most customers.
Custom connectors	If you can't find a connector for your service, you can create your own with a custom API wrapper.
On premises gateways	These let you build a bridge between a Microsoft cloud service such as Power Automate and a data source in your organisation (such as a SQL Server database).
Robotic process automation	This allows you to build a flow to mimic the keyboard actions and mouse movements of a human user (for example, to fill in a website form), usually using Power Automate Desktop.
AI builder capacity	You can use AI to build and train AI models to make predictions based on your data. The AI builder has its own licensing rules!

To use premium or custom connectors or on premises gateways you will probably need to buy one or more separate per-flow or per-user Power Automate licence plans.



If there's not enough detail in this section, you can always search for the phrase "Microsoft Power Apps, Microsoft Power Automate and Microsoft Power Virtual Agents Licensing Guide" and download the 34-page PDF this leads to.

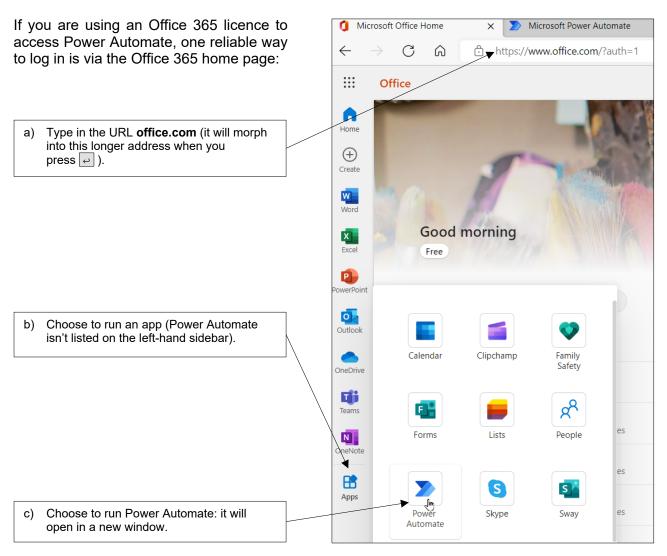


# **CHAPTER 2 - WORKING WITH FLOWS**

### 2.1 Getting Started

This section shows how to access Power Automate, choose the environment in which to work and see flows you've created.

#### Logging on to Power Automate



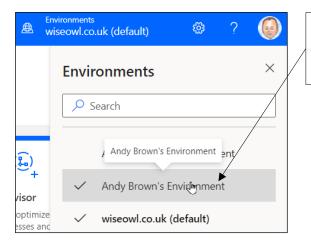


Alternatively, just visiting the website **powerautomate.com** also seems to work, although again after the website loads a longer URL may appear in your browser's address bar.



#### **Choosing an Environment**

You can think of *environments* as different folders in your little bit of the Microsoft cloud. Here's how to change your environment:



Often your organisation will have one environment for development and one production environment. Wise Owl have a shared company environment, plus a private one for each trainer.



Each environment sits on its own tenant (think of this as a space you've leased from Microsoft on some central server). To move a flow that you've created from environment (tenant) to another is a non-trivial process: you have to export it from the first environment and then import it into the second.

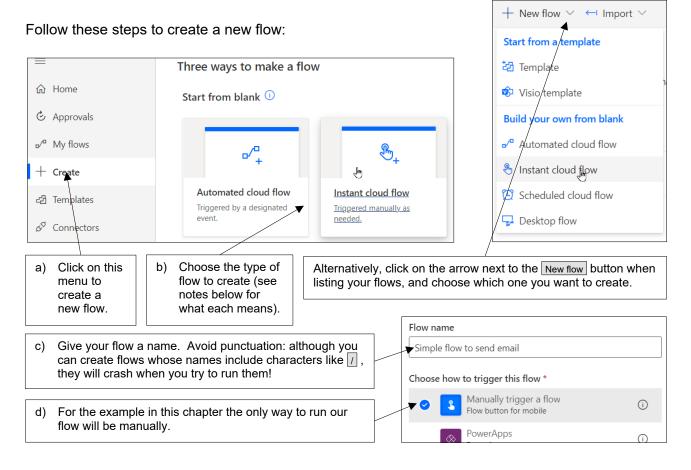
### **Listing Flows**

Once you've chosen your environment, you can see the flows it contains:

Click on this menu option on the left-		Bower Automate	🔎 Search
hand side		=	+ New flow $\checkmark$ ← Import $\checkmark$
		品 Home	Flows
		C Approvals	Cloud flows Desktop flows Shared with me
		⊿″ My ∯ows	
to see the cloud flows or desktop	]	+ Create	₀⁄ <sup>α</sup> Name
flows that you've created (or the flows colleagues have shared with		건 Templates	Ny first flow
you).		,s <sup>ợ</sup> Connectors	



### 2.2 Creating Flows



### **Types of Flow**

PA lists 5 types of flow, but the first two are the ones which most people will choose:

Type of flow	Description
Automated cloud flow	Any flow which begins when something happens. Triggers can include comments being added to Teams discussions, emails being received or items being added to SharePoint lists (to choose just 3 examples).
Instant cloud flow When you're testing a flow (or learning PA) this is the best flow type to choo you can test it in isolation without having to trigger an event first.	
Scheduled cloud flow	When you create a scheduled flow you'll be asked to say when it should run (every week at 10am, for example, or every 10 minutes throughout the day).
Desktop flow	This will launch Power Automate Desktop, the subject of a different Wise Owl training course (and manual!).
Process advisor	Business process flows are a separate topic which won't be of interest to most PA users, and are not covered in this courseware.



The easiest thing to do, Wise Owl have found, is to create either an automated or instant cloud flow, but then click on the **Skip** button to miss out the stage where you choose the initial trigger. This will bring up a blank flow, and you can then choose which trigger you want to choose more easily.



### Adding Steps

You can add actions to your flow as follows:

Manually trigger a flow Insert a new step		<ul> <li>a) To add a new step either let your mouse button linger over the arrow joining two existing steps together, and click on the + sign which appears as shown here</li> </ul>
Send me an email notification		
* Subject Power Automate courseware enquiry		
* Body Just checking how the new courseware is going?		
+ New step - Save		or click on this button to add a new step to the bottom of your flow.
Choose an operation		c) Type in what you want to do in part (this is by far the easiest way to choose what action you want to add).
Results from saved info X ipboard	L	
Rendle Name Sending websit New group 1		
Image personal info     Dynamics staff 365		
Triggers Actions s		
Send me an email notification Notifications Send an email (V2) Office 365 Outlook		d) Choose the action which best describes what you're trying to do.
Manually trigger a flow  () ···		<ul> <li>You can now configure the action (here to say what the subject and body of the email you're sending will be).</li> </ul>
Send me an email notification		Will 90).
* Subject Power Automate courseware enquiry Add dynamic content		
* Body Just checking how the new courseware is going?		
+ New step Save		<li>f) Click on the <u>Save</u> button to avoid losing the change that you've just made.</li>



### Adding Dynamic Content

When adding a step, PA will always offer up any information that it knows about for inclusion – this is called *dynamic content*. To add this to any action:

÷		a) Click where you want to insert something.
Power Automate courseware enquiry on I Add dynamic of Just checking how the new courseware is going?		
+ New step Save	Dynamic content Expression	
	manual User name The display name of the user who triggered the flow. User email The email address of the user who triggered the flow.	<ul> <li>b) Click on what you want to add (here it's the current date). PA will add this in at your cursor position:</li> </ul>
	Date     Timestamp     The time the flow was triggered.     Cut of days	Power Automate courseware enquiry on 2 Date ×

### **Finishing your Flow**

When you've finished working with a flow, here are two ways to leave it:

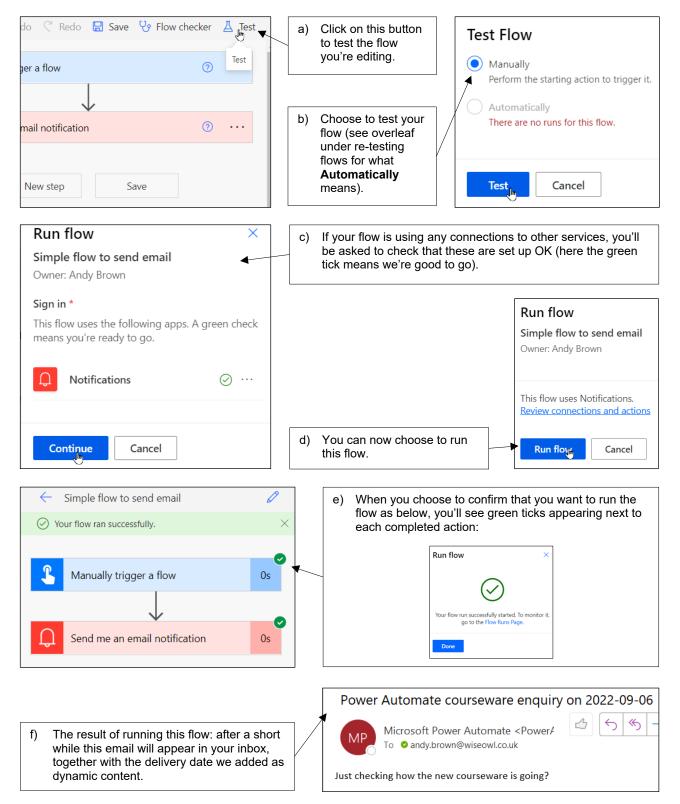
	Power Automate			Click on this button to return to the previous screen
≡		Simple flow to send email	l	
ŵ	Home			
٢	Approvals		[	or click on <b>My flows</b> to list out the flows
⊿″	My flows			that you have created (including the one you've just added and saved).
			l	



### 2.3 Testing and Running Flows

#### **Testing Flows**

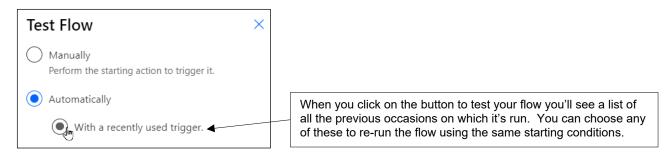
One way to test a flow is to do whatever triggers it (whether this be sending an email, adding a comment or whatever). However, you can also test and run instant flows as follows:





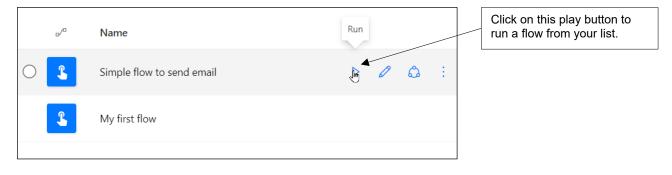
### **Re-testing Flows**

Once you've run a flow once, there's a different way to test it:



### **Running Flows**

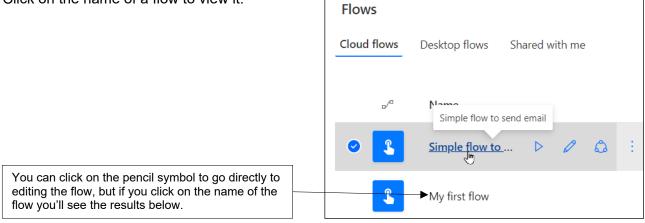
Another way to run a flow is after you've saved it:



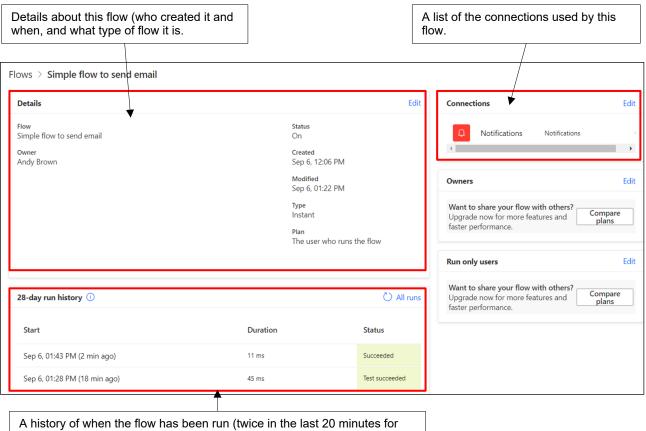


### 2.4 Viewing Flows

Click on the name of a flow to view it:



#### Here's what you then see:



this flow, both times being successful).

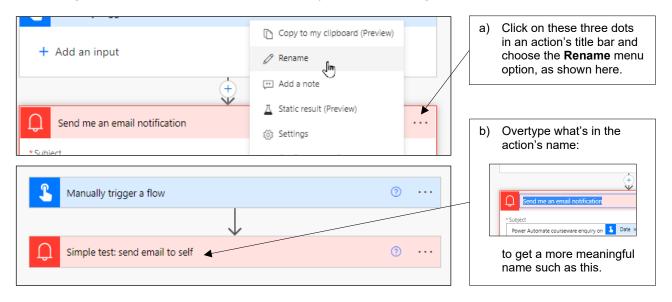


### 2.5 Improving Flow Readability

There are three ways to make your flows easier to read: renaming actions, adding *notes* and adding *comments*.

#### **Renaming Actions**

Renaming actions makes it easier to see what your flow is doing:



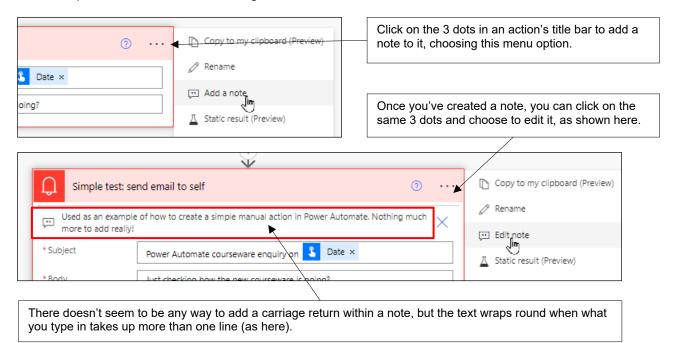


The downside of this? Many expressions that you create in PA refer to actions by name. The longer your action names are, the longer (and more cumbersome) your expression formulae will be!



### **Adding Notes**

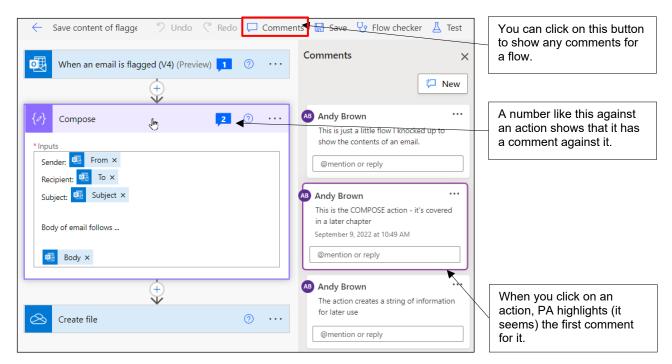
Notes explain what actions are doing:



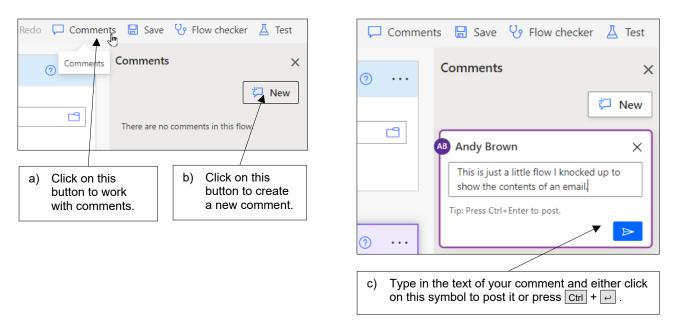


#### **Adding Comments**

Different viewers of your flows can add comments to explain (or ask about!) their use:



#### To add a comment to a flow:





Because comments aren't permanently visible, you should perhaps use them to discuss the contents and purpose of a flow rather than to document it.

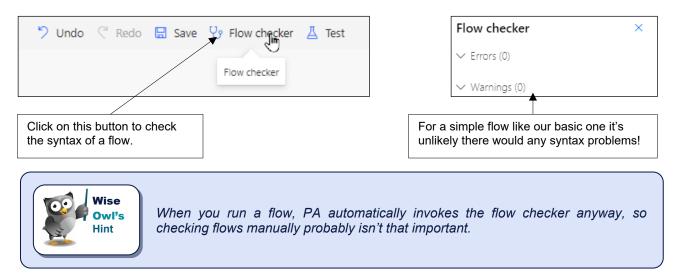


### 2.6 Working with Flows

This section shows some other ways in which you can work with flows.

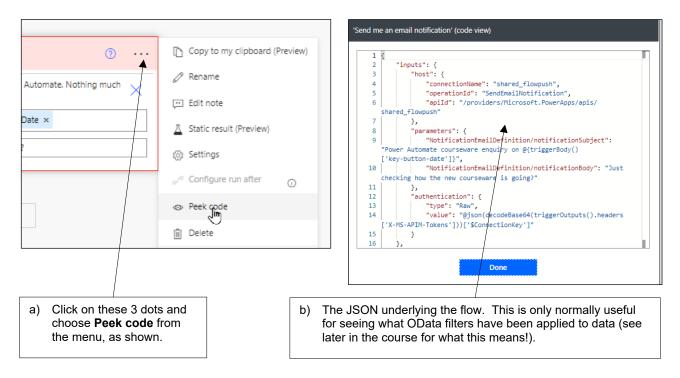
#### **Checking Flows**

The Flow checker button at the top right of PA allows you to see if a flow makes syntactical sense:



#### **Peeking at Flow Syntax**

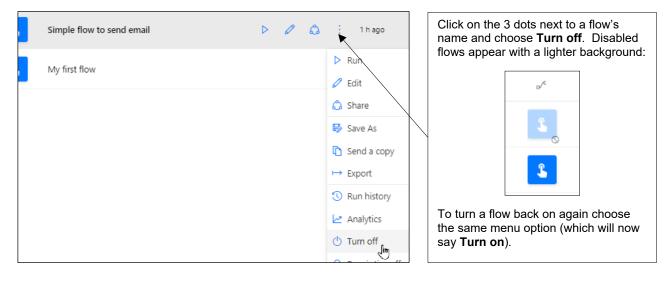
If you want to see what an action in your flow is really doing, peek at its code:

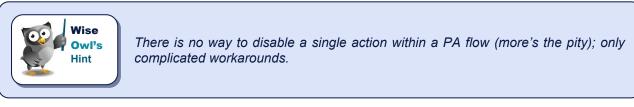




#### **Disabling Flows (but not Actions)**

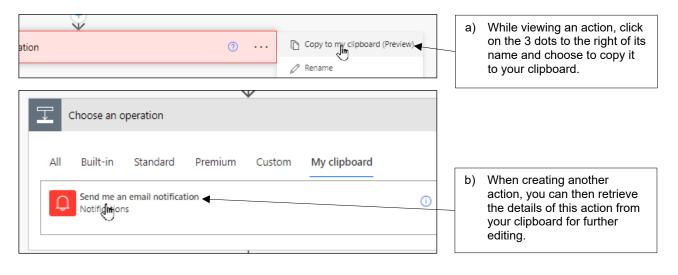
If you don't want a flow to run, but want to keep it in your list, turn it off:





### **Copying Actions**

If you have an action which you may want to repeat, copy it to the PA clipboard:



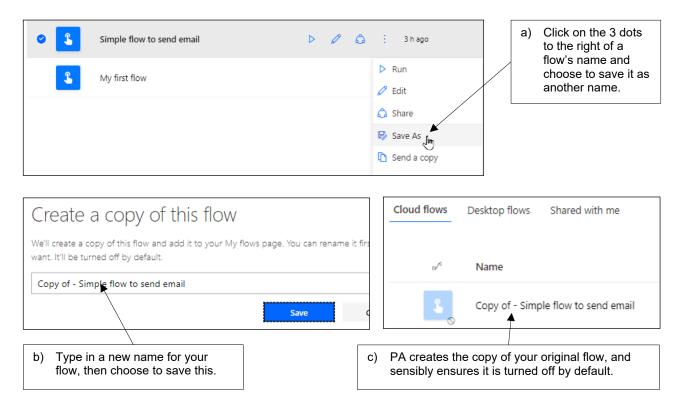


Bug alert! When you copy actions in PA it's possible to create objects (such as variables) with duplicate names. PA then not only prevents you saving your flow, but also makes it hard to edit or even delete the offending actions!



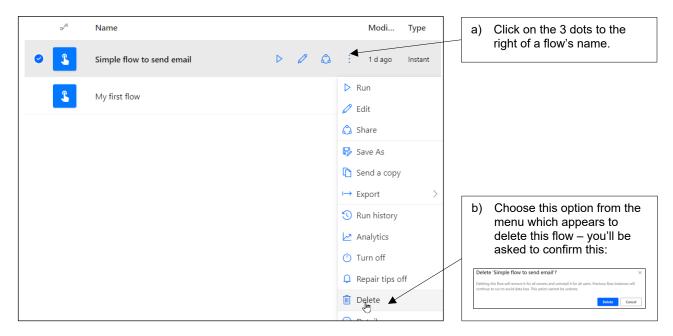
### **Copying Flows**

To copy a flow, choose to save it as another name:



#### **Deleting Flows**

Sadly you have to delete flows one at a time (there is no way to select more than one flow at the same time):





# What we do!

		Basic training	Advanced training	Systems / consultancy
Office	Microsoft Excel VBA macros Office Scripts Microsoft Access			
Power BI, etc	Power BI and DAX Power Apps Power Automate (both)	<b>₹</b>		
SQL Server	SQL Reporting Services Report Builder Integration Services Analysis Services			
Coding	Visual C# VB programming MySQL Python			



